

Starting point: Flexible satellite technology

AIRBUS

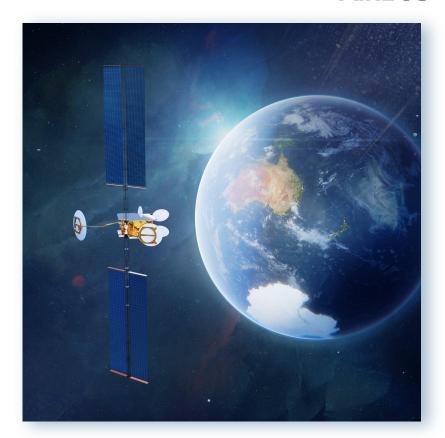
OneSat can be fully reconfigured while in orbit – and it is capable of adjusting its coverage area, capacity and frequency "on the fly" to meet evolving mission scenarios.

Encompasses active antennas enabling several thousand beams.

Multi-beam RF technology

Free Space Optical Links

Flexible payloads



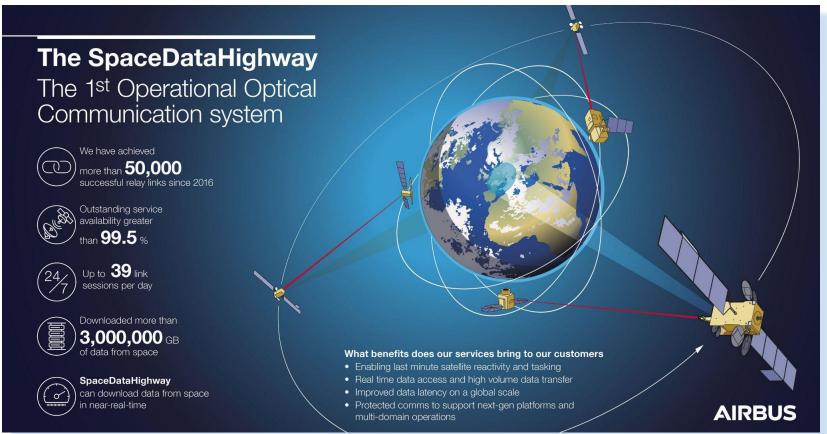
Latest development: Constellations

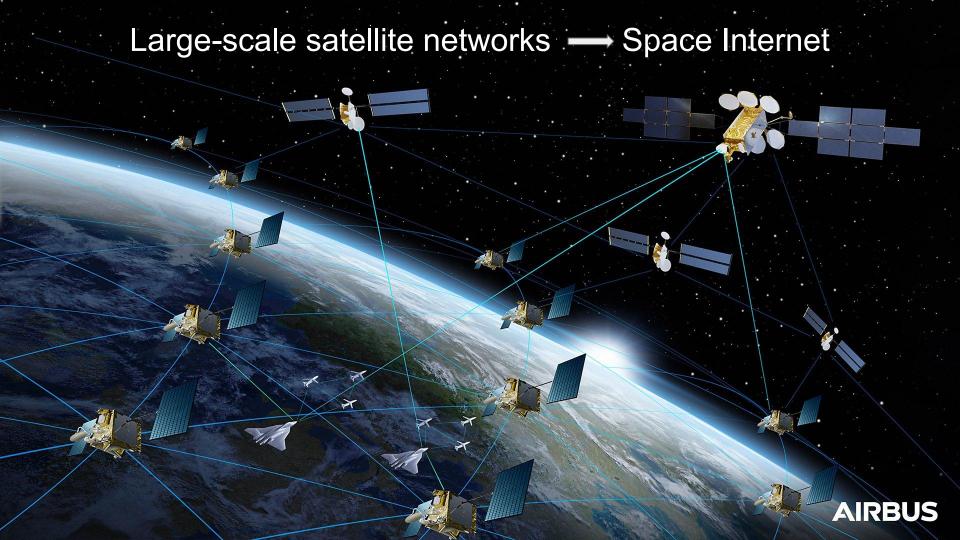
AIRBUS.



Large-scale satellite networks: Multi-orbit systems

AIRBUS-





-AIRBUS

First Challenge
Packet switching on space platforms

Second Challenge
Internetwork Space and others Internet Service Providers

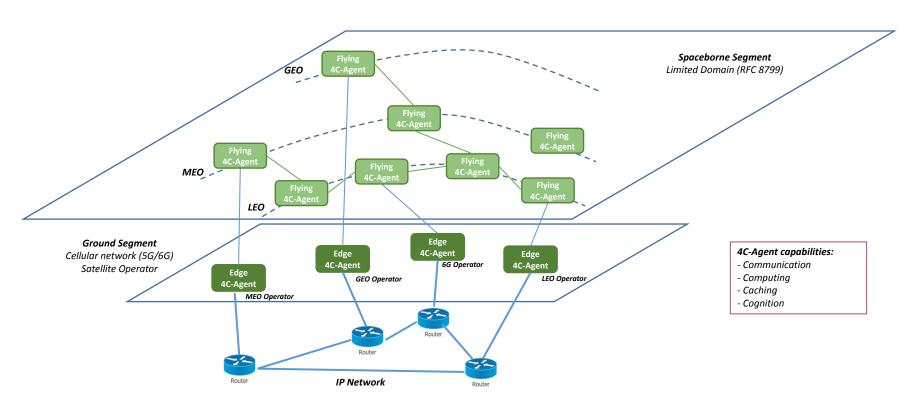


Goal:

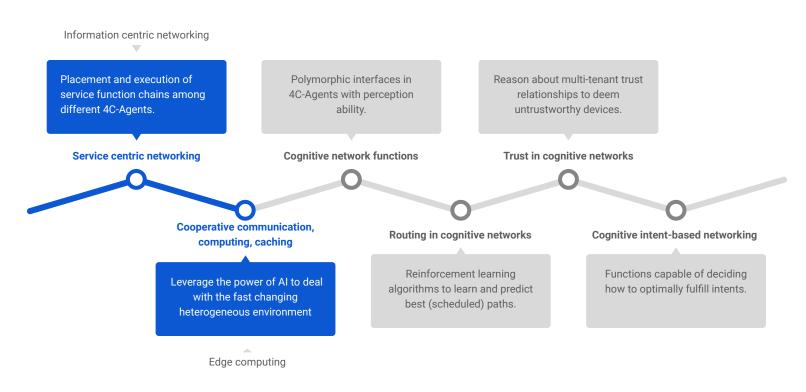
- Access to all 7.3 billion people.
- Satellites operating at data rates of Tb/s in LEO orbit providing overall capacity of one Zetabyte/month.
- Important role of **Space Communications**, in the success of the **Digital Age**.

Model of large-scale satellite network



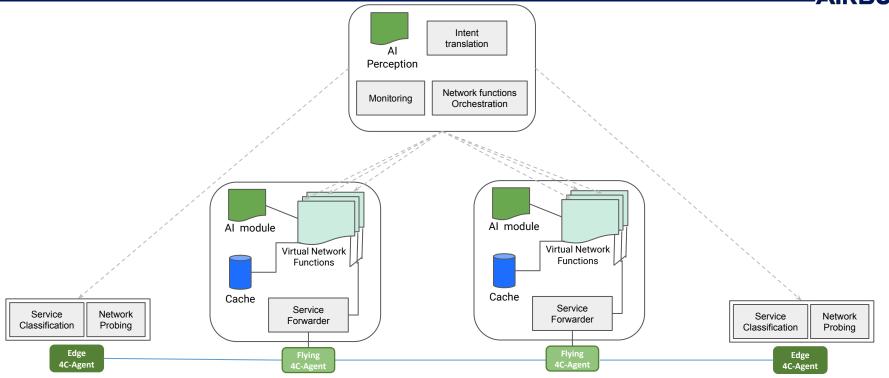






Orchestration of service chains based on Intents

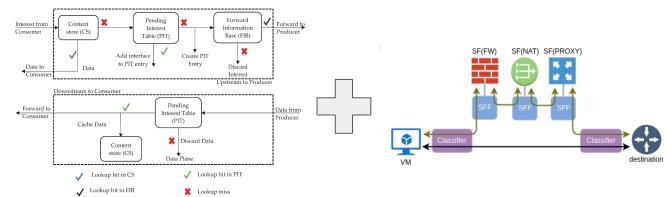




Orchestration challenges in satellite networks



| Current situation | Expected operation |
|-------------------------------|--|
| Static services | Dynamic services |
| Data / computation separation | Integration of computing and caching resources |
| Hop-by-hop service deployment | Interoperability between service chains |
| Context agnostic | Contextual awareness |
| Dependent on host addressing | Agnostic of host addressing |



Information Centric Networking

Service Function Chaining

